

## Your Local Employment Planning Council

# **Occupation Report**

# Industrial and manufacturing engineers NOC 2141

## Ottawa, Ontario, & Canada (2016-2021)

3-year historical data & forecasted growth

Updated June 2019



**NOTE:** EMSI recommends taking occupation data below 500 jobs with "a grain of salt" because of source data sampling sizes; therefore, outlook also considers Ontario data.



## Industrial and manufacturing engineers

Ottawa Outlook

NOC 2141 Limited Fair A Good A A

Based on past and forecasted growth.

### **A Local Snapshot**

- Employment in this occupation declined in Ottawa from 2016 to 2018 (2.4%); it is forecast to decrease an additional 1.8% over the next three years.
- None were unemployed in Ottawa in 2016; 28 (4.1%) of those in this occupation were self-employed.
- Median hourly wage for this occupation was \$36.95.
- 15.4% of the 2018 jobs were in the Architectural, engineering and related services industry sector.
- Ottawa has a slightly higher share of this occupation than the nation.
- **Provincially**, this occupation showed a decrease from 2016 to 2018 (1.5%); it is expected to remain relatively stable over the next three years (0.2%).
- In contrast to Ottawa Employment Hub's forecast ranking for this occupation, *Canada Job Bank* forecasted **fair** employment potential for this occupation in Ottawa from 2018-2021.

#### **Overview**

Ottawa Jobs (2018)	<b>682</b> (4% self	<b>682</b> (4% self-employed = 28)			
2016 Ottawa Unemployment Rate	0.0%	Ontario 3.7%			
Location Quotient to Nation (2018)	1.22				
Change in Jobs (2016 - 2018)	-2.4%	(2018 - 2021) <b>-1.8%</b>			

NOTE: Location quotient (LQ) is a way of quantifying how concentrated a particular occupation is in a region compared to the nation or province. A quotient of 1.00 means Ottawa has the same share of the occupation as the nation/province. A quotient higher than 1.00 means Ottawa has a greater share, and lower than 1.00 means Ottawa's share is lower than the average.

## OTTAWA | Percentile Earnings (not including self-employed)

\$30.34/hr \$		\$36.95/hr	\$49.71/hr	
25th Percer	tile Wages		Median Wages	75th Percentile Wage
\$70		<u> </u>	ĺ	
\$65				
\$60				
رم \$55				
® \$50				•
₹ \$45				
Hourly Wages \$20 \$40 \$40 \$40				
± <sub>\$35</sub>			•	
\$30				
\$25				
\$20	Pct. 10	Pct. 25	Median	Pct. 75 Pct. 90

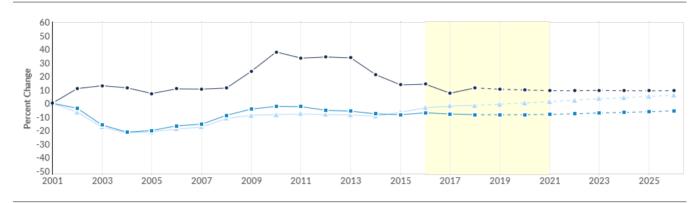




## Ottawa | Growth

699	670	-29	-4.1%
2016 Jobs	2021 Jobs	Change (2016-2021)	% Change (2016-2021)

## **Regional Trends**



	Region	20	016 Jobs	2021 Jobs	Change	% Change
•	Ottawa		699	670	-29	-4.1%
•	Ontario		8,185	8,082	-103	-1.3%
•	Canada		17,135	17,932	797	4.7%
		Ottawa		Ontario		Canada
2016 Jobs		699		8,185		17,135
2017 Jobs		658		8,108		17,362
2018 Jobs		682		8,063		17,439
2019 Jobs		676		8,056		17,602
2020 Jobs		672		8,062		17,763
2021 Jobs		670		8,082		17,932



## Ottawa | Industries Employing this Occupation

Industry	Occupation Jobs in Industry (2018)	% of Occupation in Industry (2018)	% of Total Jobs in Industry (2018)
Architectural, engineering and related services	105	15.4%	1.3%
Other federal services (9112-9119)	62	9.1%	0.1%
Defence services	56	8.2%	0.4%
Navigational, measuring, medical and control instruments manufacturing	46	6.8%	2.1%
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	27	4.0%	2.4%

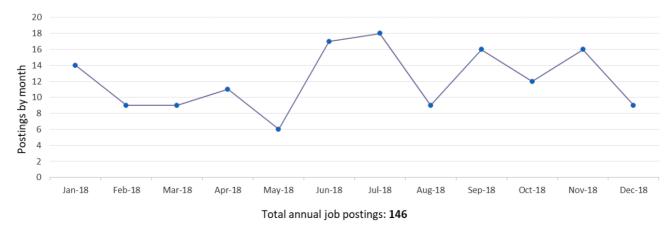
NOTE: Inverse staffing patterns provides a table of percentages that shows how regional occupations are divided up among regional industries. For example, an inverse staffing pattern for registered nurses may show that 70% of RNs are employed by hospitals, 10% by local government (i.e., public schools), 10% by nursing homes, and 10% by offices of physicians.

## Educational programs and completions in Ottawa (public institutions only)

<b>2</b> Programs (2016)		0
		Completions (2016)
CIP Code	Program	Completions (2016)
14.13	Engineering science	0
47.03	Heavy/industrial equipment maintenance technologies	

NOTE: EMSI Analyst uses Statistics Canada's PSIS data to compile completions for postsecondary programs offered in Canada, classified by the 2016 CIP codes. 2016 data includes those who graduated in spring 2017.

## **Job Postings by Month**



NOTE: Based on newly published job postings first found between January 01, 2018 and December 31, 2018 AND location is Ottawa Census Sub-division, Vicinity Jobs.



#### Other Considerations

#### LICENSURE/OTHER REQUIREMENTS FOR ONTARIO:

- A **regulated** profession; certification is required through <u>Professional Engineers Ontario</u>
- Engineers are eligible for registration following graduation from an accredited educational program, and after four years of supervised work experience in engineering and passing a professional practice examination

NOTE: Workers in regulated occupations require a licence to work legally. Workers in non-regulated occupations do not require a licence, but employers may have other certification requirements.

#### CANADIAN LANGUAGE BENCHMARKS: N/A

<u>Career Map for Internationally Trained Professionals</u> – Explains every step of the registration process, including language requirements, industry trends, labour market conditions, credential assessment process, licensing fees and other important information.

## **Links to Additional Occupational Information**

Ontario Job Futures - NOC 2141 Industrial and manufacturing engineers

<u>GOC Job Bank</u> – Cites outlook information for Ottawa, as well as Ontario and Canada; also shows job postings and wage information for Ottawa.

**Statistics Canada - Occupation information for NOC 2141** 

Ontario Skills Passport - Skills profile for Industrial and manufacturing engineers — Note that this website categorizes occupations using the NOC 2006 classification system; as such, occupation titles may not match the titles used by the NOC 2011 system.

#### **About EMSI Occupational data**

Economic Modeling Specialists Inc. (EMSI) amalgamates information from several data sources in order to produce its occupation counts:

- Canadian Business Patterns (CBP) Updated December 2018
- Census 2016
- Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) Updated December 2018
- Labour Force Survey (LFS) 2018
- Canadian Occupational Projection System (COPS) Latest projections cover 2016-2026
- Demographic CANSIM tables Various updates
- Postsecondary Student Information System (PSIS) Updated annually; 2016/17 data available now

Information from these sources is combined into a dataset that is updated twice annually by EMSI; the latest release came in the Spring of 2019 and these reports reflect actuals and projections based on that data. Detailed occupation data is based primarily on industry staffing patterns collected by the SEPH, which surveys businesses and is considered more reliable than the LFS, which surveys individuals.

**NOTE:** In 2016, EMSI Analyst switched from the NOC-S 2006 occupation classification system to the NOC 2011 occupation classification system. Some occupation titles and groupings have been modified slightly as a result; all historical data has been adjusted to match the NOC 2011 classification system.

Should you have any further questions about the data in this report, please contact **Ottawa Employment Hub** at **613-727-4723 X6873** or <u>info@OttawaEmploymentHub.com</u>

